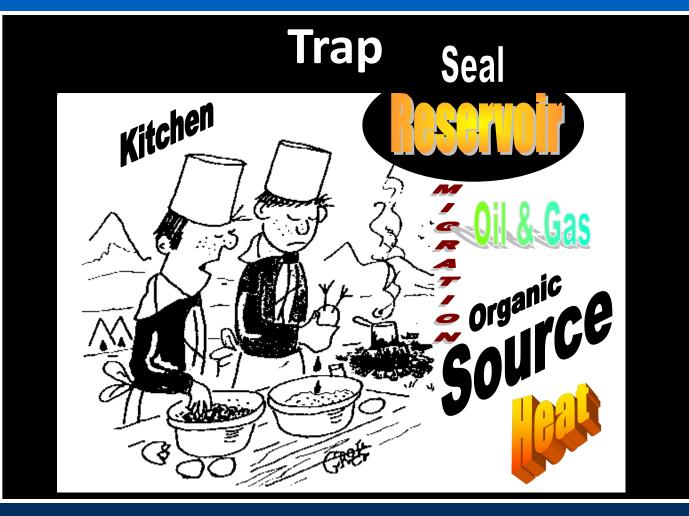
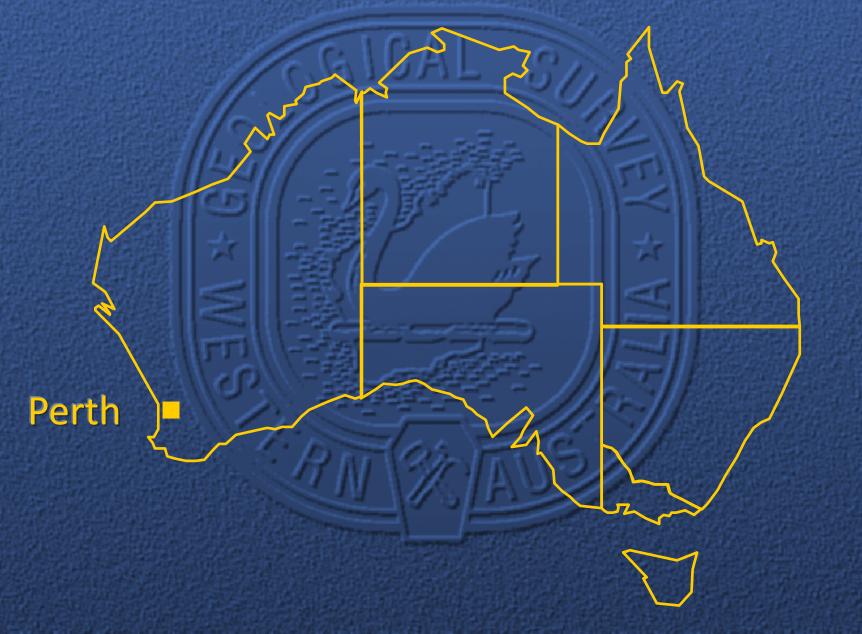




Petroleum System



Petroleum Exploration Initiative



Petroleum System Modelling in Ghadâmis Basin of NW Libya

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Geological Survey of Western Australia

Rajab A. Mohammed

Arabian Gulf Oil Company

Acknowledgements

Management of :

- Arabian Gulf Oil Company for permission to published data
- Geological Survey of Western Australia for permission to prepare this publication
- Symposium Committee to sponsor my visit
- Ummal-Jawaby Oil Services to facilitate my visit



Presentation

Petroleum prospectivity
– Principles & Processes

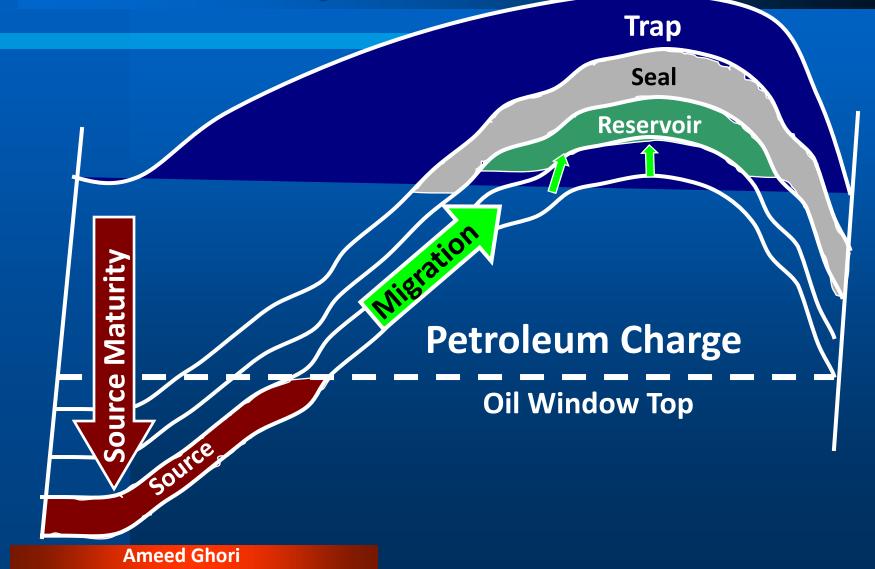
Ghadâmis Basin

- Location & Stratigraphy
- Database & Source potential
- Source maturity & Modelling
- Results & Conclusions

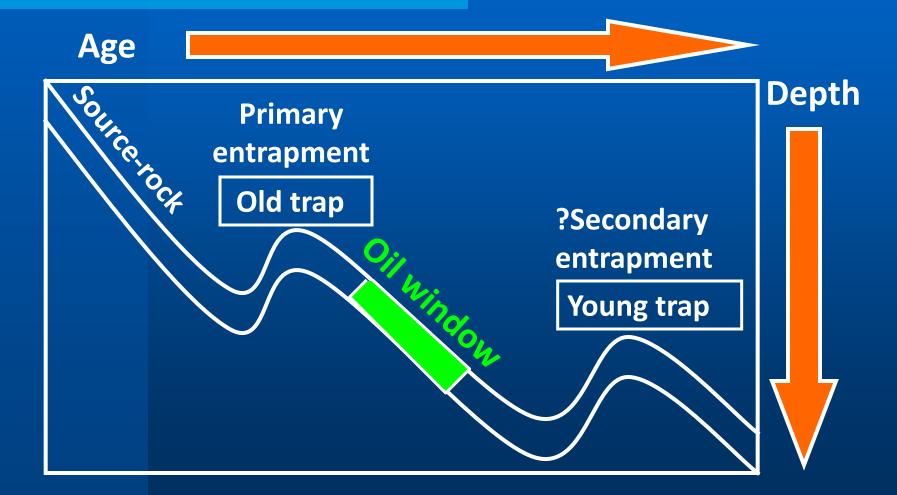
Prospectivity—Controlling Factors

- Petroleum charge
 - source type & maturation, hydrocarbon expulsion, migration, & charge timing
- Trap
 - structure, reservoir & seal
- Preservation
 - thermal history & meteoric water invasion

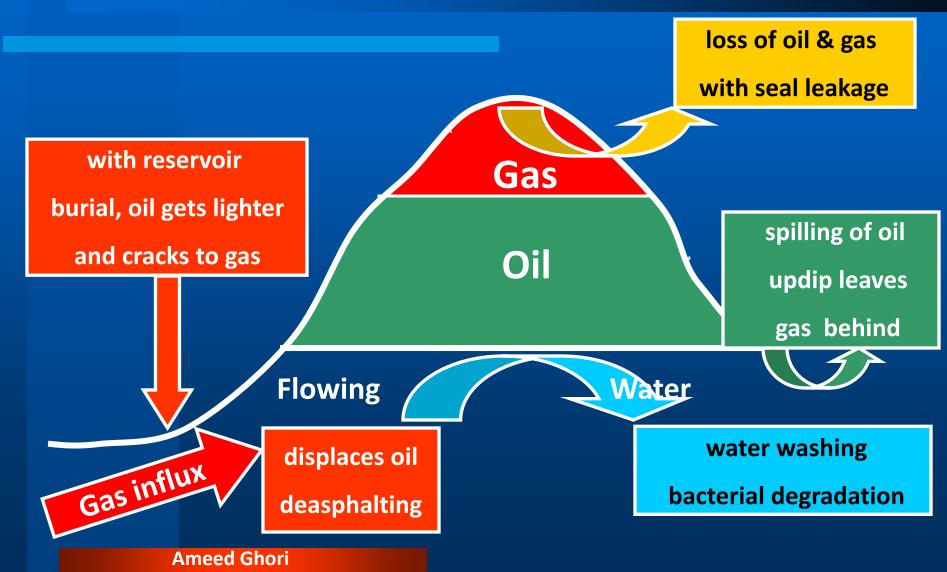
Petroleum System

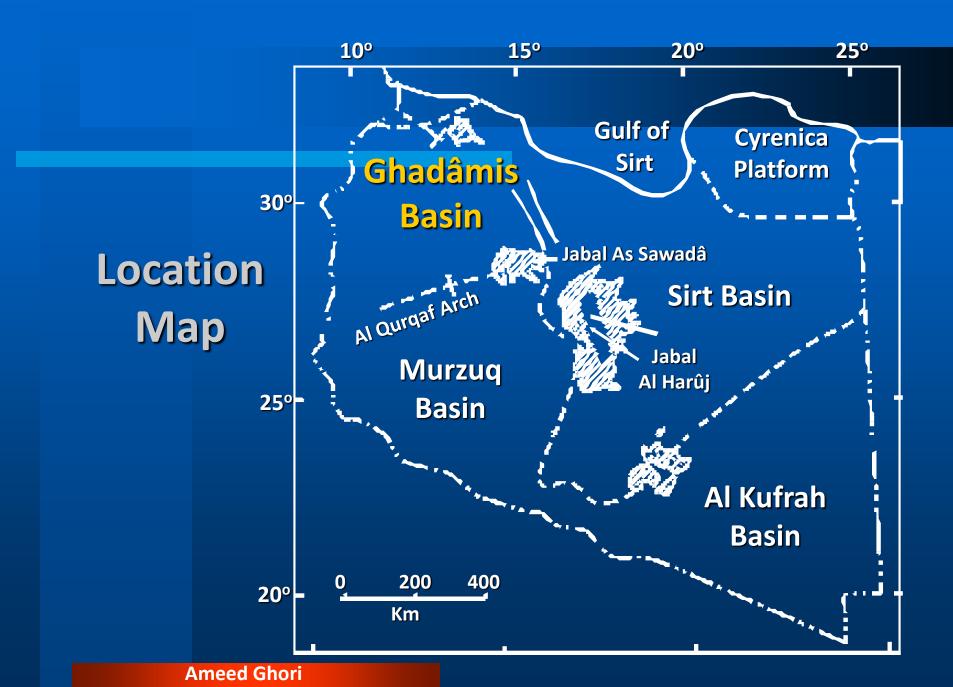


Timing — Generation versus Trap



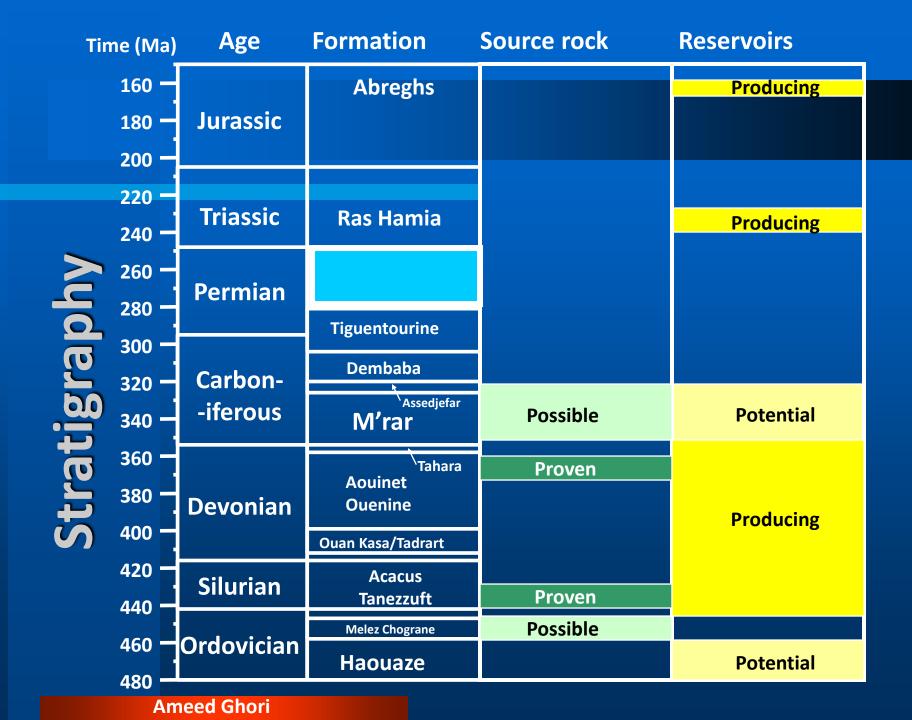
Petroleum Preservation





Ghadâmis Basin

1956 - Algeria's First Major Discovery -Hassi Messaoud Oil Field -Hassi R'Mel Gas Field 1958 - Libya's First Oil Well - Atshan Field Discovery 1993 - Algeria's Major Oil Fields -5 year discovery 1997 - Libya's Elephant Oil Field - Murzuq Basin **Ameed Ghori**

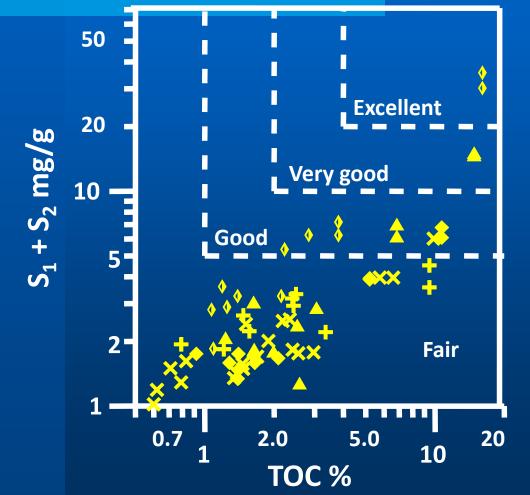


Database

Number of wells and data

Type of data	1 10 100 100 d
ΤΟΟ	
Rock-Eval	
Palynology	Data
BHT	
DST	
Production test	
Ameed Ghori	

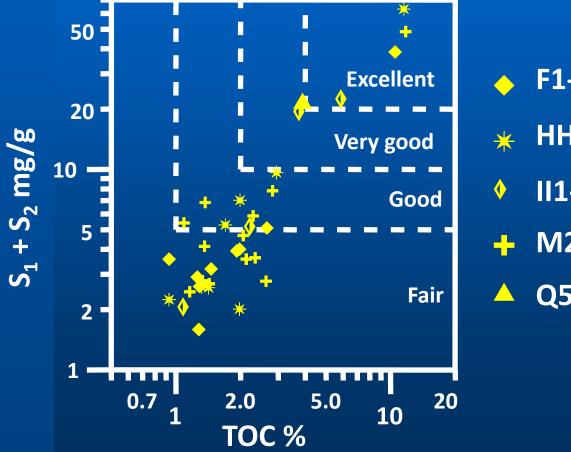
Silurian Generating Potential





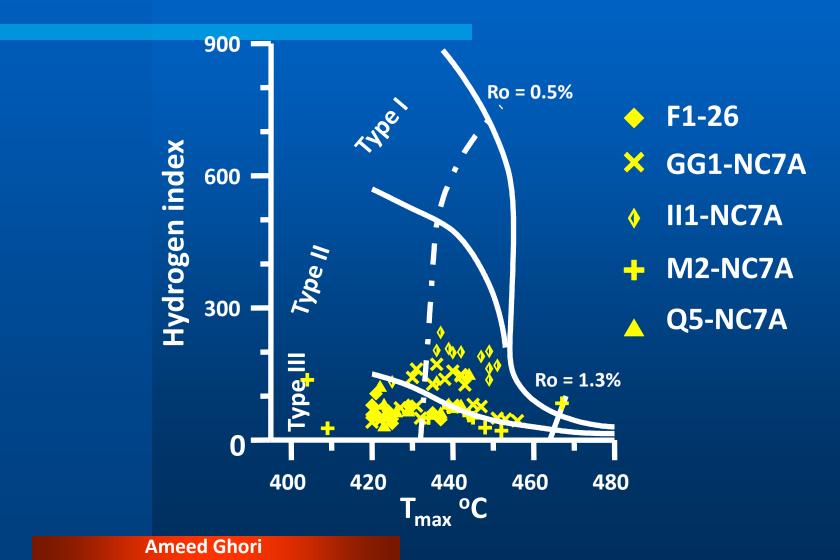
Ameed Ghori

Devonian Generating Potential

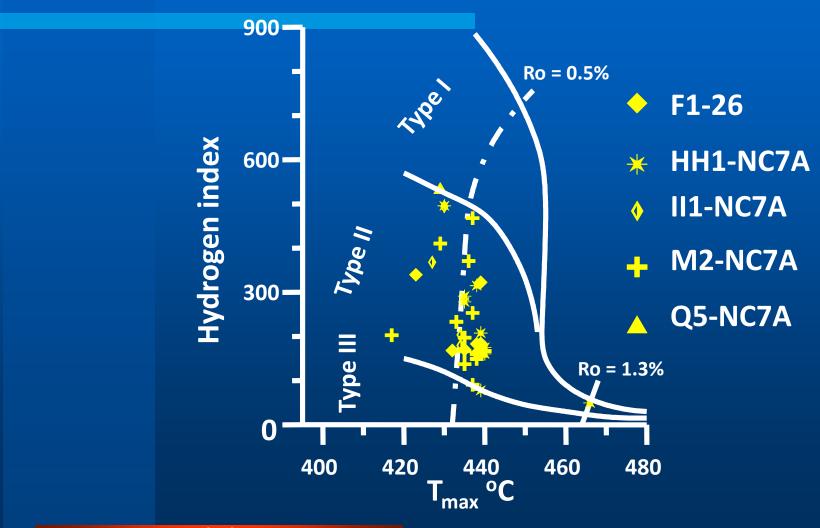


F1-26
HH1-NC7A
II1-NC7A
M2-NC7A
Q5-NC7A

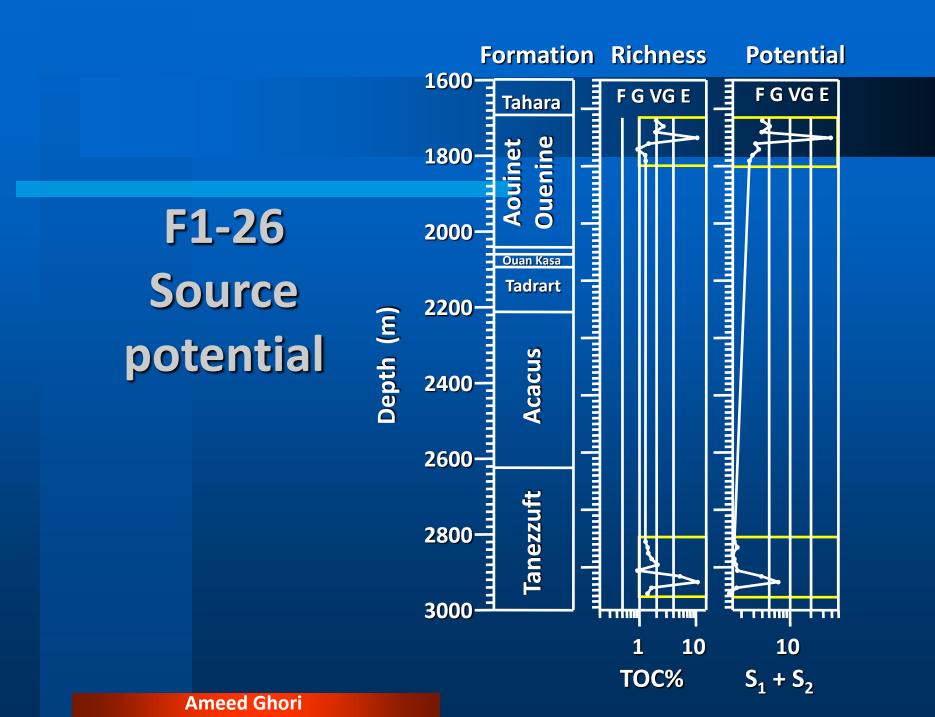
Silurian Kerogen Typing

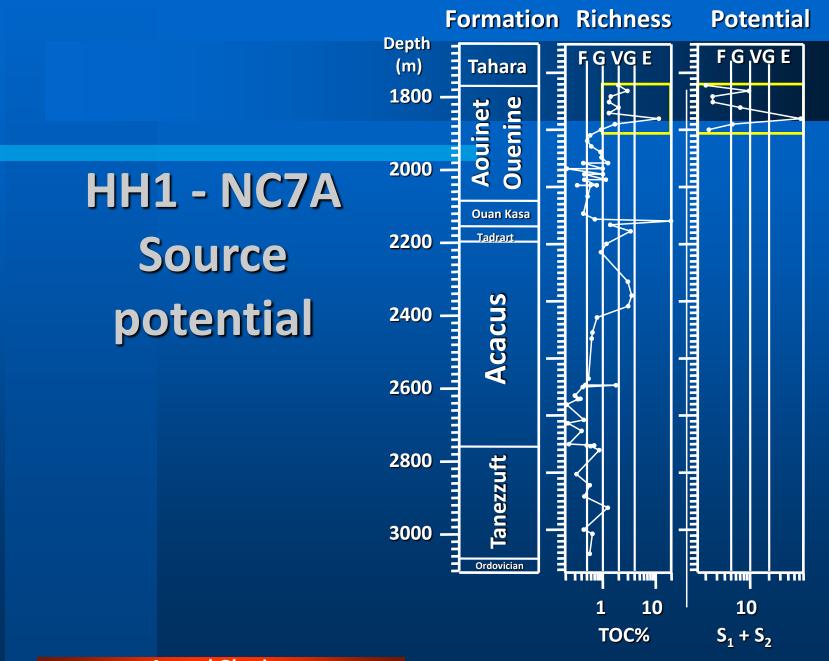


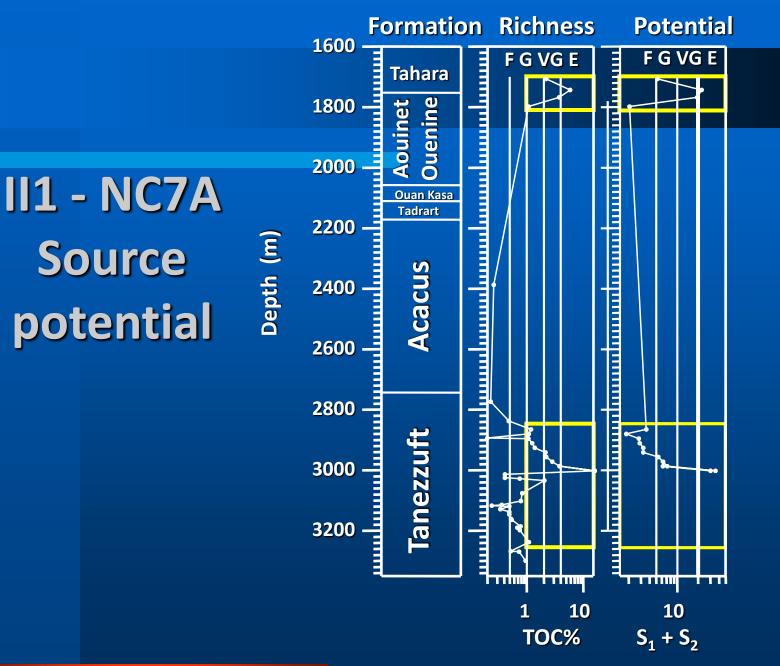
Devonian Kerogen Typing

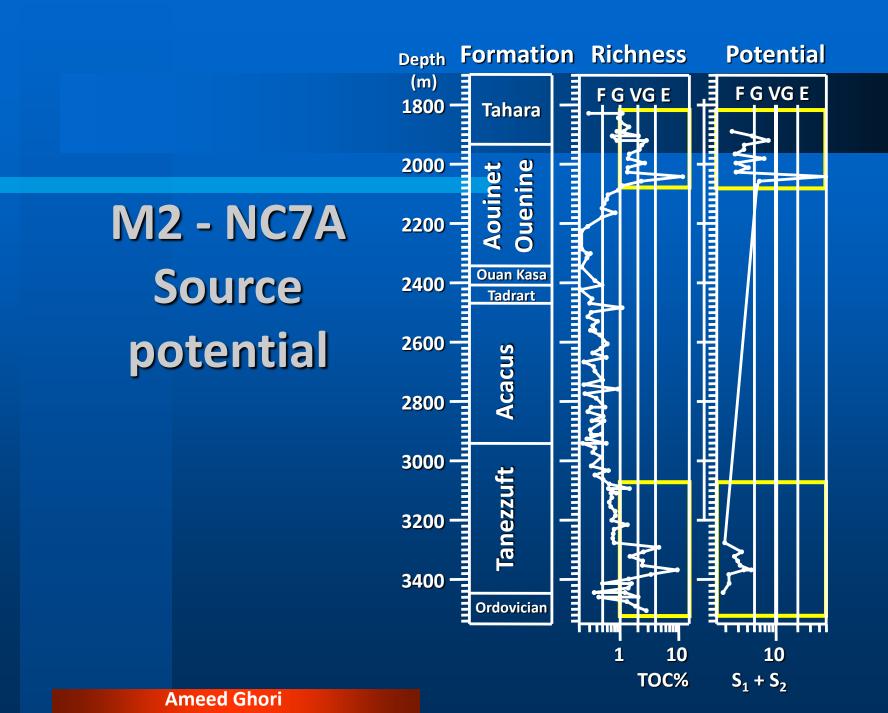


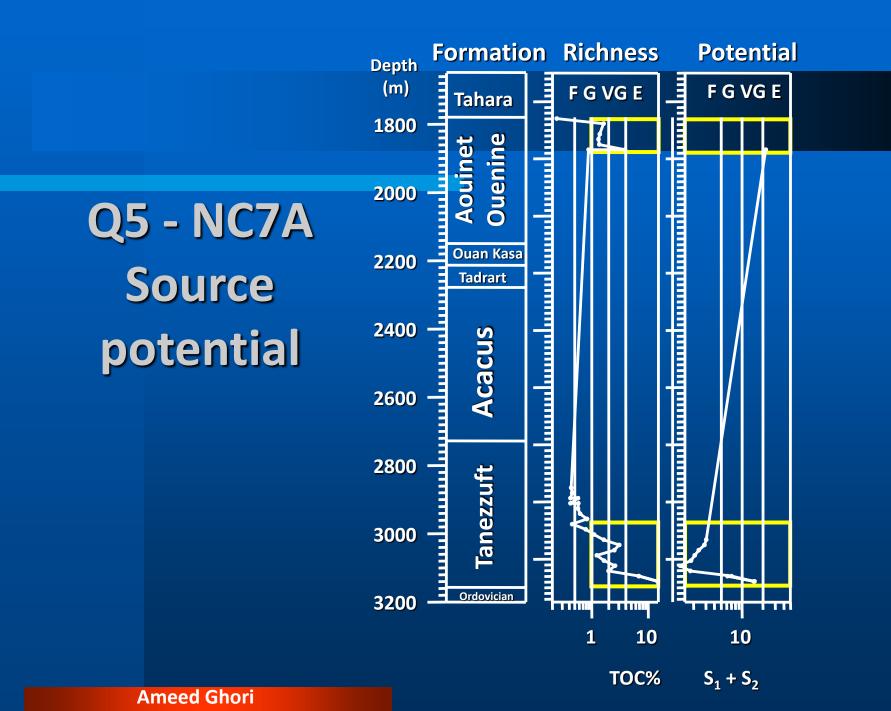
Ameed Ghori



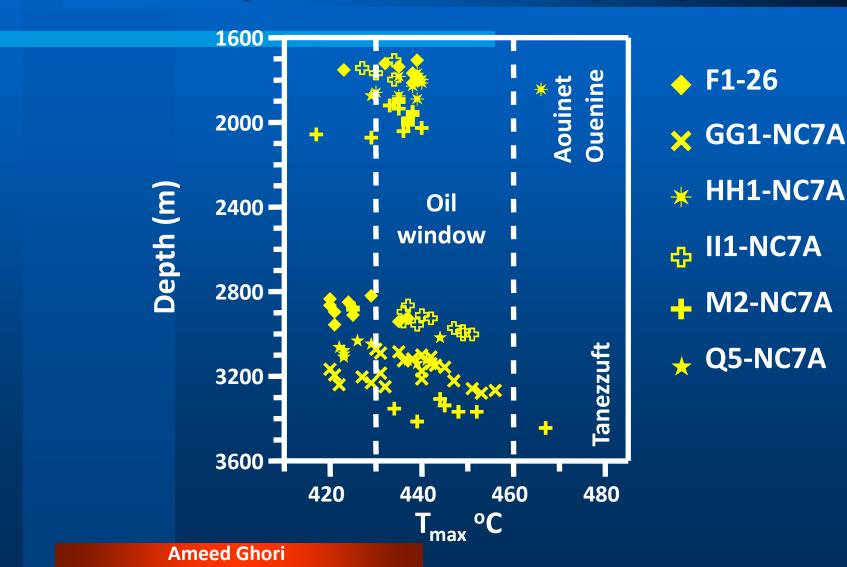




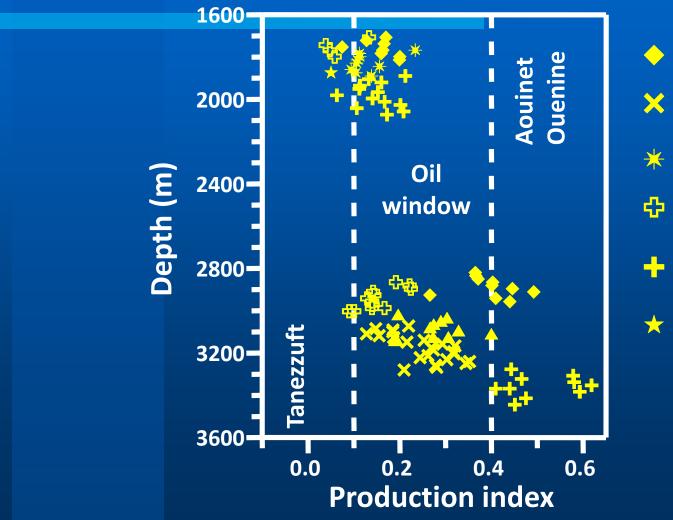




Maturity — Rock-Eval Pyrolysis



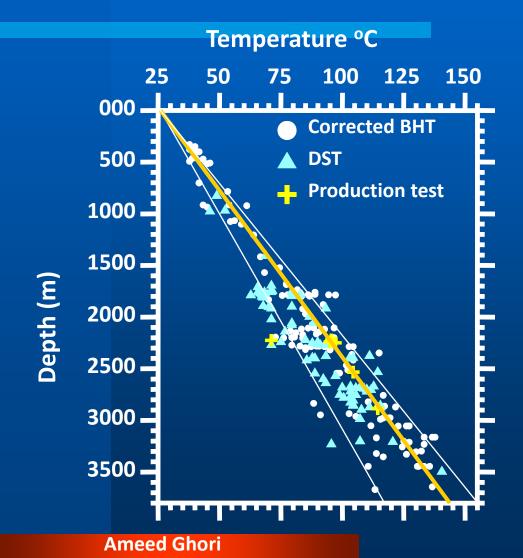
Maturity — Rock-Eval Pyrolysis



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◆ F1-26
★ GG1-NC7A
★ HH1-NC7A
◆ II1-NC7A
◆ M2-NC7A
◆ Q5-NC7A

Present-day Temperatures



Average Gradient 3.1 °C/100 m

Minimum Gradient 2.4 °C/100 m

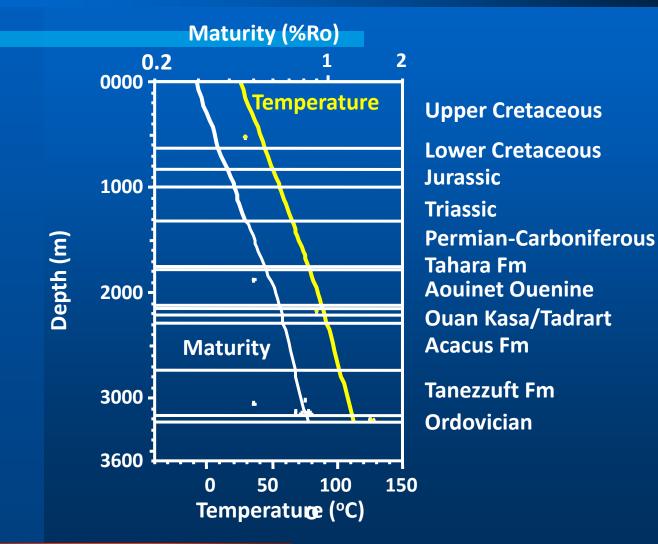
Maximum Gradient 3.4 °C/100 m



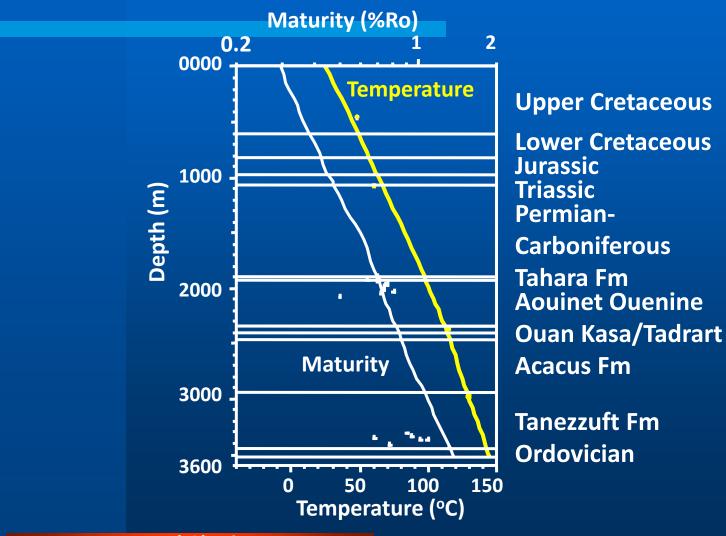
Modelling of 17 Wells

- Step 1: 1-D modelling of a single well location to Develop and constraint burial and thermal histories
- Step 2: 1-D modelling of multi-well locations to evaluate geographic maturity variation
- Step 3: 2-D modelling of a geological cross section to evaluate maturation timing across the region

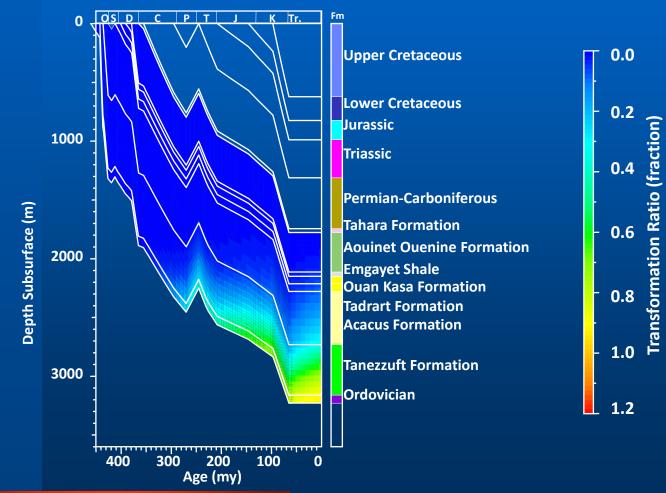
Maturity Calibration – Q5-NC7A



Maturity Calibration – M2-NC7A

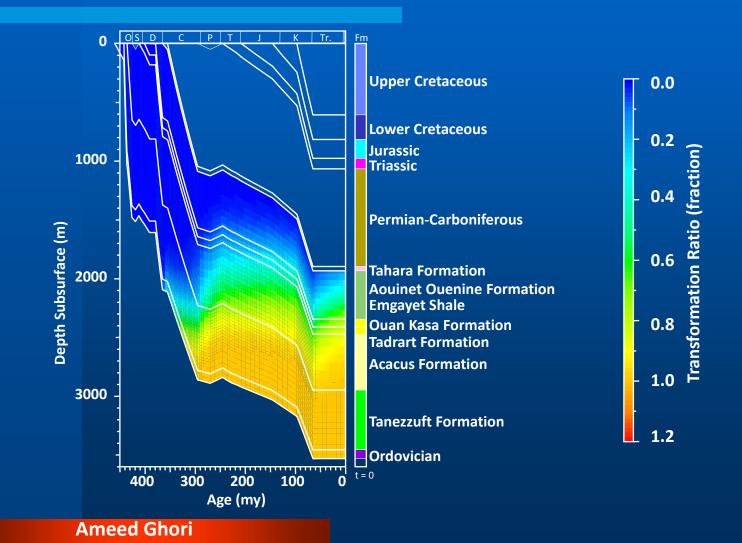


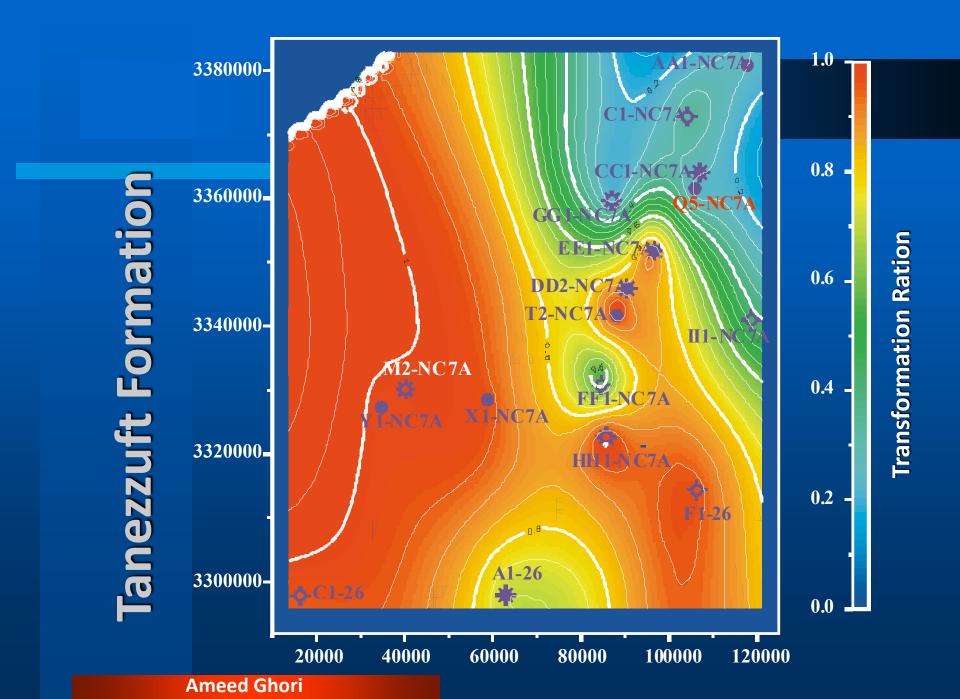
Maturation History — Q5-NC7A

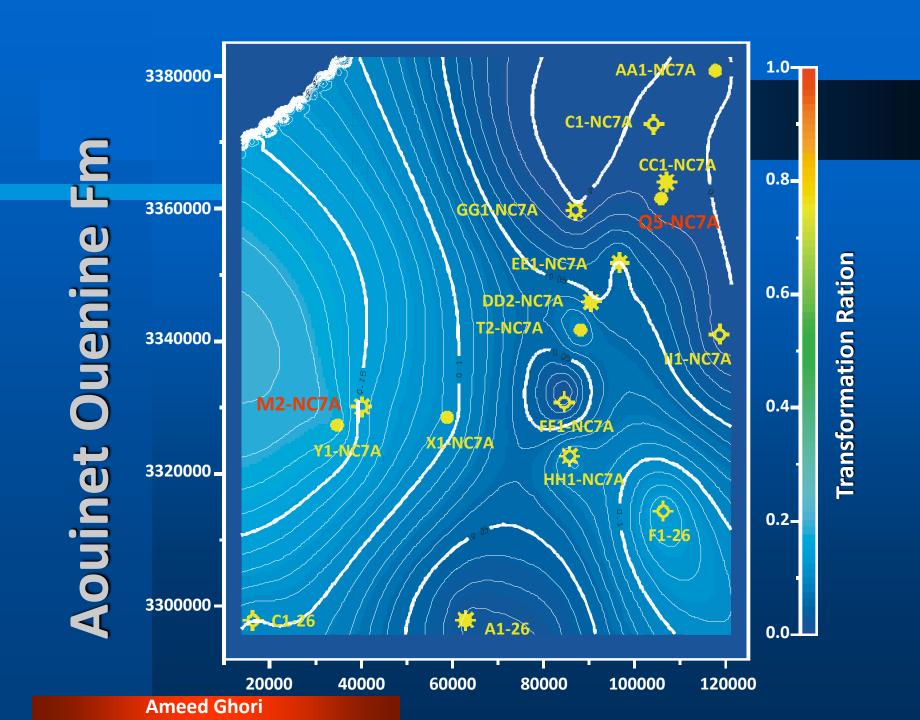


Ameed Ghori

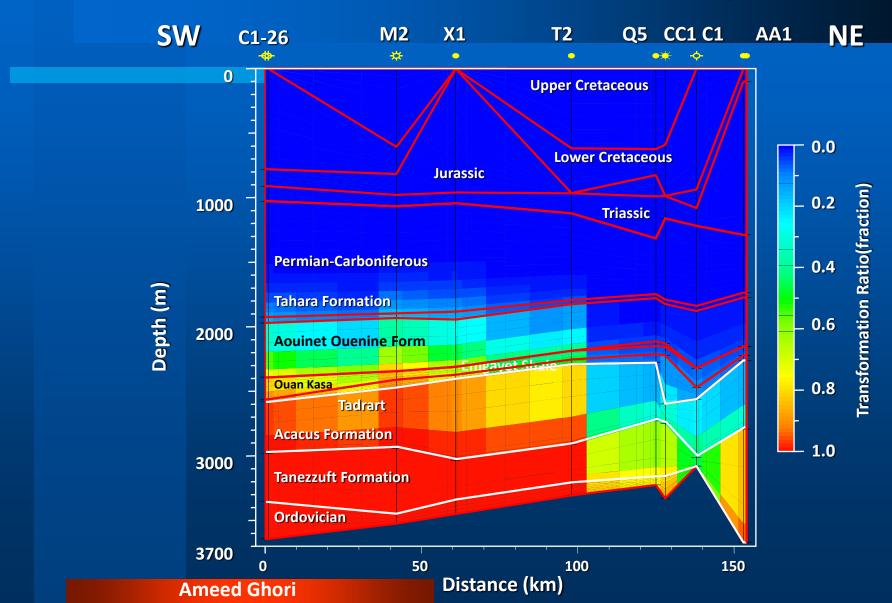
Maturation History — M2-NC7A

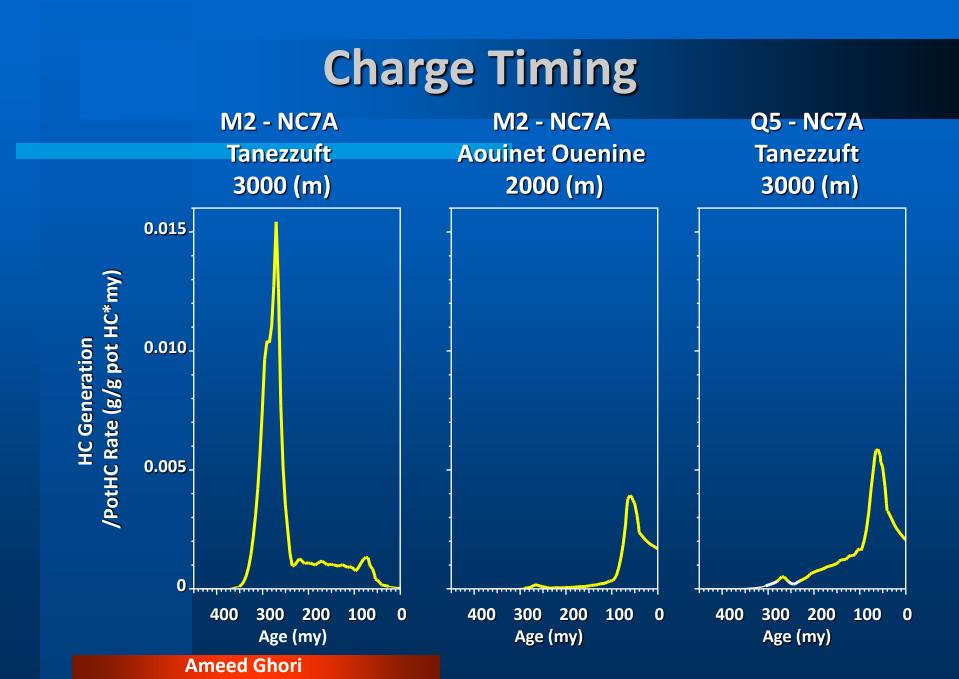




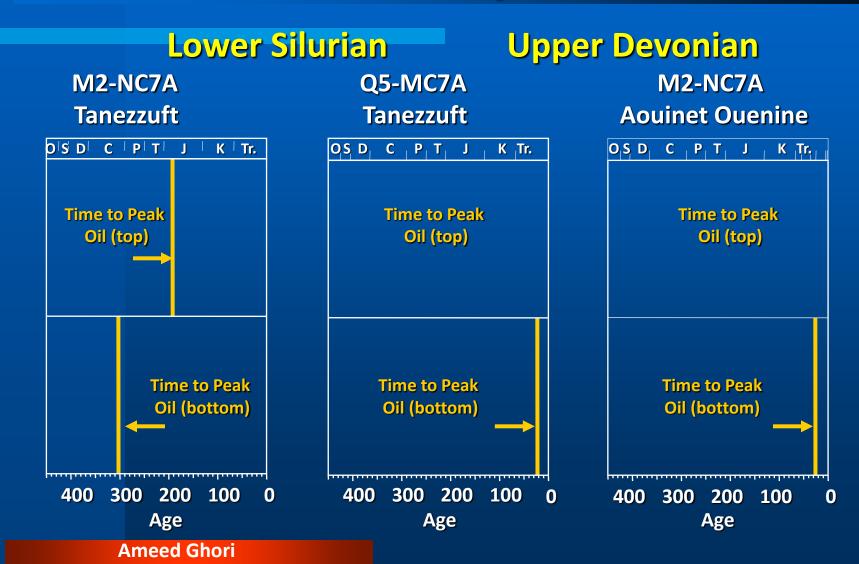


Transformation Ratio Cross Section at Present Day





Petroleum Systems



Conclusions — 1

Lower Silurian Petroleum System

- Rich Tanezzuft source-beds within the basal 60–140 m thick section
- First Charge Timing: Carboniferous-Permian
- Second Charge Timing: Late Tertiary

Upper Devonian Petroleum System

- Rich Aouinet Ouenine source-beds within the upper 60–140 m thick section
- Charge Timing: Late Tertiary

Conclusions — 2

Present-day Geothermal Gradient

- Average gradient: 3.1°C/100 m
- Minimum gradient: 2.4°C/100 m
- Maximum gradient: 3.4°C/100 m

Reservoirs (Preservation Temperature Limit ~150°C)

- Ordovician: Memouniat Formation
- Silurian: Tanezzuft and Acacus Formations
- Devonian: Tadrart, Ouan Kasa, Aouinet Ouenine, and Tahara Formations
- Triassic: Ras Hamia Formation
- Jurassic: Abreghs Formation

